Note: Write the work assigned to you for winter months on separate note books. You are advised not to use school note books for the winter assignments.

Class: 5th

Lesson No.4

Q#1 Why did the student go to Mumbai?
Ans. The student went to Mumbai to get Diwali presents and find some English textbooks.

Q#2 By what time had he finished his purchases?
Ans. He had finished his purchases by early afternoon.

Q#3 Why did he not like Mumbai?
Ans. He did not like Mumbai because of the noise and the heavy traffic of the city.

Q#4 Taxis are expensive. Why did he take taxi to the station?
Ans. He took a taxi to the station because he wanted to catch the 3:30 train.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S.No</th>
<th>Words</th>
<th>Meanings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Funny (adj)</td>
<td>Making you smile or laugh.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Happened (verb)</td>
<td>To occur as a result of a situation or course of action.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Fond of</td>
<td>To feel affection for something.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Else (adj &amp; prep.)</td>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Appointment (Noun)</td>
<td>An arrangement to meet at a particular place.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Really (adv)</td>
<td>Very or very much.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Afford (v)</td>
<td>be able to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Unfortunately (adv)</td>
<td>By ill-luck.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Wandered (v)</td>
<td>Walking around in a casual way without any particular aim.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Crowded (adj)</td>
<td>Full of people.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Empty (adj)</td>
<td>Containing nothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Crossword (N)</td>
<td>A word game.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Opposite (Adj.)</td>
<td>On the other side.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Typical (Adj.)</td>
<td>Particular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Suddenly (Adv)</td>
<td>Something that happens quickly and unexpectedly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Popped (V)</td>
<td>To make a short sound like a small explosion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Shocked (V)</td>
<td>Surprised; puzzled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Fuss (N)</td>
<td>An anxious or excited behaviour which serves no useful purpose.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Ignore (V)</td>
<td>Not to pay any attention towards something or someone.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Avoid (V)</td>
<td>To stay away from a person, place, situation etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Trouble (N)</td>
<td>Problems, difficulties, or worries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Pretended (V)</td>
<td>To behave as if something is true when it is not.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Interested(V)</td>
<td>Wanting to give your attention to something</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Casually (Adv.)</td>
<td>In a relaxed way.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Glanced (V)</td>
<td>To look somewhere for a short time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Staring(V)</td>
<td>To look long and continuously.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Furiously(Adv.)</td>
<td>Extremely angry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Nervously (Adv)</td>
<td>Not boldly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Pushed (V)</td>
<td>To apply force on something.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Relieved (Adj.)</td>
<td>Feeling happy because something unpleasant did not happen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Folded (Adj.)</td>
<td>To bend one part over another of anything e.g., paper, cloth, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Q#5 Why did he miss his train? How long did he have to wait for his next train?
Ans. He missed his train because the taxi he was travelling in got stuck in the traffic jam. He had to wait for an hour for the next one.

Q#6 What did he buy at the station? Where did he go?
Ans. He bought a newspaper at the station. He went to the restaurant.

Q#7 What type of biscuits did he like?
Ans. He liked chocolate biscuits.

Q#8 What did he do while having his coffee and biscuits?
 Ans. He started doing crossword while having his coffee and biscuits.

Q#9 A man sat at his table. Why did the student think he was ‘a typical city businessman’?
Ans. He thought he was a typical city businessman because the man was wearing a dark black suit and had a briefcase in his hand.

Q#10 ‘I couldn’t believe my eyes!’ What shocked the student?
Ans. He was shocked because the man opened his packet of biscuits, took one and popped it into his mouth.

Q#11 Who left the restaurant first- the tall man or the student?
Ans. The tall man left the restaurant first.

Q#12 Whose packet of biscuits was under the student’s newspaper? Whose biscuits had he been eating?
Ans. His own packet of biscuits was under his newspaper. He had been eating the tall man’s biscuits.

Let’s read between the lines:

Q#1 Did the student live in a big town or a small one? Give a reason for your answer?
Ans. The student lived in a small town because he had to come to Mumbai for shopping.

Q#2 The students reached Dadar station. Did he feel disappointed or relieved? Give a reason for your answer?
Ans. He felt disappointed because he came to know that he had missed the train.

Q#3 What would you do at a railway station while waiting for a train?
Ans. I would buy a story-book and start reading it while waiting for a train at the railway station.

Q#4 Was the student:
 a) peace-loving? b) quarrelsome c) a coward?
 How can you tell?
Ans. The student was peace-loving. We can say this as he didn’t want to make fuss. So he ignored to see the tall man taking his biscuits.

Q#5 How do you think the student felt when he found his own packet of biscuits?
Ans. He felt ashamed when he found his own packet of biscuits.

Composition
Imagine you are the tall man. Write in your dairy what happened to your packet of chocolate biscuits.

Day:- Friday
Place:- Delhi railway station.
Time: 2:30 p.m.
I was waiting at the station for my train which had to depart in half an hour. So, I went to the nearby restaurant to take some coffee. I sat across the table and ordered for a cup of coffee and a packet of biscuits. There was a young boy sitting on the opposite side of my table. He was reading a newspaper. I opened my packet of biscuits and popped one into my mouth. The boy looked around and took a biscuit from my packet and put it into his mouth. I controlled my anger and said nothing. But when I was about to finish my tea, the boy took the last biscuit also. It made me angry. I stared at him furiously and left the table. Till now, I don’t understand why he ate my biscuits.
Lesson No.6 (A Tidy Ghost)

Q#1
Give the meanings of the following words:-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Word</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tidy (Adj)</td>
<td>Neat and clean</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expensive (Adj)</td>
<td>Very costly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rang (Verb)</td>
<td>To call</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immensely (Adj)</td>
<td>Very much</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moved (Verb)</td>
<td>Shifted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scattered (Verb)</td>
<td>Spread here and there</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hurried (Verb)</td>
<td>To move</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uneasy (Adj)</td>
<td>Uncomfortable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolved (Verb)</td>
<td>Determined</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murdered (Verb)</td>
<td>Killed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flu (Noun)</td>
<td>Bad cold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terribly (Adj)</td>
<td>Very badly</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Q#1 'At last they (Rick and Mary) found a house.....What were the two good points about the house?
Ans. The two good points about the house were:
1) It was situated in a good locality.
2) It was not very expensive.

Q#2 Who was their estate agent?
Ans. Mr Burchell was their estate agent.

Q#3 What was their first little surprise?
Ans. Their first little surprise came when they found that their letters were put in a neat pile on a table in the living room. Normally these letters were lying scattered on the mat.

Q#4 ‘One day Mary and Rick did not wash their dishes in the morning? Why? Who did Mary think had washed them? What word does Rick use to describe him? Why?
Ans. They did not wash their dishes in the morning because they were getting late for the office. Mary thought that they had been washed by a ghost. He uses the word ‘Tidy’ to describe him because he has washed their dirty dishes.

Q#5 What was the third mysterious thing that happened?
Ans. The third mysterious thing was that their unfolded night clothes were neatly folded, their bed was made and the room looked tidy.
Q#6 Why did Mary and Rick not go to work on Monday? Who entered their living room? Who brought them?

Ans. They did not go to office because they had flu. Two men and a woman entered their living room. Mr Jones from Norman Estate Agents had brought them.

Let's read between the lines:

Q#1 Rick and Mary made the house their home. How did they do so?
Ans. Rick and Mary made the house their home because they started to live there permanently.

Q#2 They thought there was a ghost in the house. Do you think Rick was afraid of the ghost? What about Mary? Pick out words in support of your answer.

Ans. No, Rick was not afraid of the ghost as he made fun of him by saying a tidy ghost. Mary was afraid as she felt uneasy and resolved to find out if there was really a ghost in their house.

Q#3 Mr Jones thought the house was still vacant. What had caused this misunderstanding?
Ans. Mr Jones thought that the house was still vacant because he had not been informed by Mr Burchell that the house was sold out.

Q#4 How did Varley die? Why did Mary feel ‘suddenly cold’ when she heard this?
Ans. Varley was murdered. Mary felt ‘suddenly cold’ because she thought that he had been killed by the ghost.

Q#5 When they heard footsteps in the hall and their living room door began to open slowly, Mary held Rick’s hand. Why?
Ans. She held his hand because she thought that it was the ghost who was about to open the door.

Composition

At night, two boys sneaked out of their school hostel in order to have some fun. On their way, they saw a ghost. They were terrified and screamed loudly. As soon as they started running back, the ghost took off his sheet and had a hearty laugh. It was the warden of the school hostel who had been following them.

Model Test Paper (lesson 2,4,6) M.Marks:- 75

Q#1 Read this passage:
Hundreds of years ago, there grew up big cities along the banks of the Nile. Some historians think that they were the first cities in the world. We know a lot about them because the Egyptians invented picture writing and wrote down the doings of their kings. They also believed that after death, men went to another world where they needed the same sort of things as they used here. So they buried with their great men, chairs and tables, tools and weapons, clothes and food and even games and children’s toys. The air is so dry in Egypt and the tombs are sealed so tight that many of these things have been preserved. We find them today and know how the Egyptians lived long ago.

Answer these questions:

i) Where did some of the great cities of the world grow up?
ii) What type of writing did the Egyptians invent?
iii) What, according to the Egyptians, did men need after death?
iv) What did they bury with the dead?
v) How have these things been preserved?

(2 x 5 = 10)

Q#2 Find words for these meanings from the passage.

a) Some one who writes about or studies history.
b) Natives of Egypt.
c) An object used in fighting war, such as gun.
d) A large stone structure where someone, especially an important person is buried.
e) To close an entrance or container.
f) To keep something as it is, especially in order to prevent it from decaying or being damaged or destroyed.
Q#3 Write a story arranging these sentences in proper order.

i) She had never heard a rabbit talk.
ii) Alice’s sister was reading a book.
iii) Soon he entered a hole in the earth and disappeared.
iv) Alice was looking at the birds.
v) Alice and her sister was sitting under a tree.
vi) She got up and ran after him.
vii) Suddenly a white rabbit came running out of a bush.
viii) He looked at his watch.
ix) Alice was surprised.
x) Oh! Oh! He said, “I am getting late.”

Q#4 Fill in the blanks with ‘cannot’ and ‘be able to’

i) The guavas are not ripe. We __________ eat them today. We will __________ eat them after two days.
ii) Ravi is only five years old. He __________ read a long story. By next year he will __________ read long stories.
iii) It is raining. I __________ post this letter today. I will __________ post it tomorrow.
iv) Mrs Lal has only 10 rupees. She __________ buy fruits for her family today. Tomorrow she will get her pay. Then she will __________ buy lots of nice things for them.
v) I am ill today, so I __________ go to school. I will __________ attend the school after I get well.

Q#5 Complete the paragraph choosing correct word given in the bracket.

Mr Jhonson __________ (sell/sold) the stamp for ten thousand pounds, and with the money he and his wife __________ (bought/buy) a much bigger house in the country. There are bookshelves on the walls of most of the rooms. Mr Johnson __________ (brings/bring) home more books almost everyday. All the shelves are __________ (near/nearly) full but Mrs Johnson never __________ (complain/complains). However, she has one nice, big sitting __________ (room/rooms) where there are no books at all.

Q#6 Answer any four of the following questions:

i) What did Mrs Johnson like about her husband? Why did she not like this habit of her husband?
ii) Why do you think Mr Johnson got ten pounds for a one cent stamp?
iii) A man sat at his table. Why did the student think he was a typical businessman?
iv) Mr Jones thought that the house was still vacant. What had caused this misunderstanding?
v) How did Varley die? Why did Mary ‘feel suddenly’ cold when she heard this?

Q#7 Give the meanings of any 10 words.

i) Gold lettering ii) Incident iii) Unfortunate
iv) Appointment v) Wandered vi) Crossword
vii) Murdered viii) Immensely ix) Ads
xc) Estate agent xi) Explained xii) Independent

Q#8 Name who spoke these words to whom.

i) “Look, I have mended your book.”
ii) “I told you, I won’t have another book in the house.”
iii) “I finished my coffee, folded my newspaper and stood up.”
iv) “Burchell didn’t inform us. I did bring a few people and showed them the house.”
Q#9 Use ‘a’ or ‘an’ in the blanks below:
1 a) There is ____________newspaper on the table.
   b) There is ___________evening newspaper on the table.
2 a) _____tall man had coffee and biscuits.
    b) _______old man had tea and cakes.
3 a) The doctor will come in ____________hour’s time.
    b) The nurse will come in ____________few minutes.
4 a) My friend bought ___________pretty pair of socks.
    b) My sister bought ___________expensive bottle of perfume.
5 a) Please close the windows. There is ___________icy wind blowing.
    b) Please close the windows. There is ___________cold wind blowing.

Q#10 Use past perfect tense against the words given in the brackets.
   a) Hari______the mango tree before the man-eater reached the tree. (climb up)
   b) He tore her letter up after he _____it. (read)
   c) At the age of forty five, Ali_________already____a grand father. (become)
   d) Our favourite TV programme__________by the time we returned from school. (start)
   e) My neighbour told me he ____home a pair of cuddly white puppies.(bring)

Class: 5th

Safety And First Aid

Define the following terms:-
1) First Aid : - First aid is the first medical help given to an injured person before a doctor arrives.
2) Ice pack:- A bag filled with ice which is used to cool parts of the body.
3) Fracture:- A crack or a break in a bone is called a fracture.
4) Discolouration:- Change in colour due to sprains.
5) Fire extinguisher:- It is an equipment which is used to extinguish fire.
6) Sprain:- When the tissues around a joint get torn, we call it sprain.
7) Electrocution:- It is an act of getting injured/ killed by an electric shock.
8) Tetanus:- When the skin is cut by a dirty or rusted object, germs may enter and cause a dangerous disease called tetanus.

Write Short Answer:
Q#1 What is a tourniquet?
Ans. A tourniquet is a tight bandage that is used for stopping the flow of blood from a wound.
Q#2 What articles could be used as a splint in case of a fracture?
Ans. Any easily available article like sheets of newspaper, magazines, a piece of cardboard or a pillow around the injured bone can act as a splint.
Q#3 What is a sling?
Ans. A bandage passing over the shoulder to support an injured upper limb.
Q#4 Name the disease caused by a virus carried by dogs and eats.
Ans. Rabies
Q#5 When some one’s clothes catch fire, we must not let him run around in panic? Why?
Ans. If a person’s clothes catch fire, we must not allow him to run around in panic because it fans the flames.
Answer These Questions:
Q#1 What first aid should be in case of a minor wound?
1) Wash away all dirt around the wound.
2) Clean the affected area with cotton wool soaked in an antiseptic lotion.
3) Place a thick pad of cotton wool on the wound and press it with your thumb and fingers. This will stop bleeding.
4) Wrap a sterile gauze bandage around the wounded area.

Q#2 How would you help someone with a bleeding nose?
Ans. 1) Keep the patient upright in a comfortable position with his head held back.
2) Ask the patient to hold the nose firmly.
3) Keep on ice pack on the nose and head.
4) Ask the patient to breathe through his mouth and not to blow his nose.
5) A little bit of bleeding is harmless but if the bleeding is heavy, send for the doctor.

Q#3 What is a splint? How and why should it be used?
Ans. A piece of wood or cardboard used to hold a broken bone in position. It should be used to give support to the broken bone and to avoid unnecessary movement. An easily available article like cardboard etc is wrapped around the injured bone.

Q#4 We must not prick blisters? Why?
Ans. We must not prick blisters because an open blister is an open wound. It can catch infection.

Q#5 How will you put out a fire caused by defective wiring?
Ans. Following steps should be taken to put off a fire caused by defective wiring:-
1) Do not use water to extinguish fire.
2) Smother the fire by throwing sand.
3) Use a fire extinguisher.

Q#6 What first aid should be given in case of an animal bite?
Ans. In case of an animal bite, we should first of all wash the wound with soap and water then apply antiseptic lotion over the wound to prevent infection.

Q#7 Puneet is a 4-year old boy. His mother keeps all medicines on the top shelf of the rack. Why?
Ans. She keeps all medicines on the top of the shelf of the rack so that Puneet does not reach them and take them.

Q#8 Fireman crawl on the floor of a room that is filled with smoke. Why do they do this?
Ans. As smoke is lighter, it rises up and if the fireman does not crawl on the floor, smoke causes irritation in their eyes and their eyes get filled with tears and hence they could not see the surrounding objects clearly.

Solids, Liquids & Gases

Chapter: - 5

Defining the following terms:-
1) Matter:- Anything that occupies space and has weight is called matter. It exists in three forms i.e. solid(chalk), liquid (matter) and gas (air).
2) Molecule:- All matter can be split into tiny units that are not visible to the naked eye. These tiny units are called molecules.
3) Atom:- It is the smallest unit of matter.
4) Element:- Atoms of the same kind that join together to form elements.

Q#1 What are molecules made up of?
Ans. Molecules are made up of atoms.

Q#2 Name any two solids, two liquids and two gases that can dissolve in water.
Ans. Two Solids: Sugar and Salt
Two Liquids: Alcohol and Lemon Juice.
Two Gases: Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) and Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)
Q#3 Why do solids have a fixed shape?
Ans. In solids, the molecules are very close to each other and the force of attraction between them is greater. So a solid is hard, rigid and has a definite shape and volume.

Q#4 Why do liquids flow?
Ans. In liquids, the molecules are less closely packed. The attraction between the molecules in liquids is less as compared to that in solids. Molecules can move around freely and thus liquids flow.

Q#5 Write two differences between liquids and gases.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Liquids</th>
<th>Gases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. In liquids molecules are loosely packed.</td>
<td>1. In gases molecules are very far from each other.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Liquids can flow.</td>
<td>2. Gases diffuse i.e. they spread to any possible space.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Q#6 When we say that liquid are miscible?
Ans. When liquids dissolve in water, we say that a liquid is miscible. While as when a liquid doesn’t dissolve in water, we say that a liquid is immiscible e.g. kerosene.

Q#7 What is a physical change? Give two examples.
Ans. A physical change is a temporary change which can be reversed.

Water \(\xrightarrow{\text{cooling}}\) Ice

heating

Solid wax \(\xrightarrow{\text{heating}}\) Liquid wax

cooling

Q#8 What is chemical change? Give two examples.
Ans. A chemical change is a permanent change which cannot be reversed e.g.

Paper \(\xrightarrow{\text{burning}}\) Ash

\(\text{C} + \text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{burning}} \text{CO}_2\)

Q#9 Give three characteristic features of a chemical change.
Ans. Following are the three characteristics features of a chemical change:-

1) It is a permanent change.
2) It cannot be reversed.
3) New substances are formed.

Q#10 Bubbles appear when you open a bottle of soda but not when you open a bottle of mineral water. Why?
Ans. It’s because soda is a carbonated drink and when we open a soda bottle CO\(_2\) bubbles rise up with a fizz.

Q#11 A painter removes paint from his hand using turpentine. Why?
Ans. It is because paint is miscible in turpentine oil.
More On Windows 7

Q1:- Multiple choice questions
1. **Preview** button shows the preview of the selected Screen Saver.

2. The MS Windows 7 logo is

3. Mouse setting can be changed using **Control Panel**.

Q2:- Fill in the blanks.
1. The background picture of the Windows Desktop is known as **Desktop Background**.

2. **Windows 7** is an Operating System.

3. To open the Sound Recorder program click the Start button → **All Programs** → **Accessories** → **Sound Recorder**.

4. **Window Color** changes the colour of window borders, start menu and taskbar.

Q3:- Multiple choice questions.
1. Spider Solitaire is a **Game**.

2. Sound Recorder is present in **Accessories**.

3. To know the rules of a game, click **help** menu.

4. **Aero Peek** feature lets you peek into the desktop.

Q4:- Very short answer questions.
1. Give two examples of the following:
   - **Desktop Background**: Windows 7, Nature
   - **Screen Saver**: 3D text, Mystify
   - **Windows 7 Games**: Spider Solitaire, Hearts

2. **Who is the founder of the software company, Microsoft?**
   - Ans:- Gordon Moore and Robert Noyce are the founders of the software company, Microsoft.

Q5:- Short answer questions.
1. **What is Screen Saver?**
   - Ans:- A Screen Saver is a program that displays moving pictures or graphics on the computer.

2. **What is the use of the Control Panel?**
   - Ans:- Control Panel has a special tools that are used to change the way Windows look and behave.

Q6:- Long answer questions:
1. Write down the steps to change the Desktop Background of the Windows & desktop.
   - Ans: The steps are:-
     1. Right-click on the desktop and click on the personalize option.
     2. Click the Desktop Background option.
     3. Select any option from the picture location.
     4. Choose the picture we want.
     5. Click the Save changes button.
نعت کے کئے بیج؟
جواب: وہ انسان ہیں جس سے حضرت محمد ﷺ کی تعریف و توصیف بیان ہے۔

سوال شمارہ 2
حضرت محمد ﷺ نے حرم پہاڑ سے ہماڑے لیے کیا؟
جواب: حضرت محمد ﷺ نے حرم پہاڑ سے ہماڑے لیے کیا۔

سوال شمارہ 3
میس خام کون نے بندانے سے اب کیا سمجھتےہیں؟
جواب: میس خام کون نے بندانے سے اب کیا سمجھتےہیں۔

سوال شمارہ 4
حمد کسے کہتےہیں؟
جواب: حمد وہ نظم ہے جس میں اللہ کی تعریف بیان ہے۔

سوال شمارہ 5
اے بنو کرام میں حممتہ اللہ العالمین کا ب کیا؟
جواب: حضرت محمد ﷺ نے صل اللہ العالمین کا ب کیا۔

سوال شمارہ 6
دی جی لفظ کو اپنے جملوں میں استعمال کیجیے:
1. مصیبت
ہمیں مصیبت میں دوسرے کے کام آتے ہیں۔
2. عرب
حضرت محمد ﷺ کی امد سے پہلے عرب جہاں تھے۔
3. ہوا
ہوا ہماڑے کی ضرورت ہے۔
4. کھوی
حضرت محمد ﷺ نے اپنی تعلیم و تربیت سے کھرا اور ظالم لوگوں کو کھوی کر دی۔
5. شکر
ہمارے شکر سے استعمال کے حساب کے وہ خداونکو خوش رکھتےہیں۔

سوال شمارہ 7
پہلے کی تشریح استادِ محترم بچوں نے کروئے:
1. شعر
یہ کہلائے ہندم غریبون اور مسکینون کی صلح اور ضرورت پوری
2. شعر
یہ کہلائے ہندم کہ اوردو مزمن کی لحاظ میں کہ اوردو مزمن کے کردار۔
سیف الانبیاء کو کرنا چاہتا ہے؟
جواب
سیف الانبیاء کو قانوتی وقائع ختم کرنا چاہتا ہے।
دیاں ایک واقعہ کا قانون کیا ہے؟
جواب
چپ لکی دیاں ایک واقعہ رسول نے چپ فرمایا ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۲
دنیا میں ایک ایک مان چمک اٹھا گا؟
جواب
حیات لوگ اسلام کے سبھت سول کے سبھت بنیں گے تو دنیا میں ایک ایک مان چمک ہوگا۔
سوا ل نمبر ۳
سیف ا للہ اپنے سا تھیون سے کن یا تون میں ممتاڑ ہے؟
جواب
سیف ا للہ اپنے سا تھیون سے مامتاڑ ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۴
سیف کیا کر سکتا ہے؟
جواب
سیف علم سے انسان کا کائنات کے سبھت وہ نہ صبح قرآن کی یلام بکری کریں ہے وہ نہ صبح فنن کی تدابیر کریں ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۵
ابن رہیا وہاں ہوگا؟
جواب
ابن رہیا کے تہوار میں ہمیشہ نماڑ مسجد میں انسان کی تکریں ہے۔
يمین نمبر ۶
سیف ا للہ اپنے سا تھیون سے کن یا تون میں ممتاڑ ہے؟
جواب
سیف ا للہ اپنے سا تھیون سے مامتاڑ ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۷
دنیا میں ایک ایک مان چمک اٹھا گا؟
جواب
حیات لوگ اسلام کے سبھت سول کے سبھت بنیں گے تو دنیا میں ایک ایک مان چمک ہوگا۔
سوا ل نمبر ۸
سیف کیا کر سکتا ہے؟
جواب
سیف علم سے انسان کا کائنات کے سبھت وہ نہ صبح قرآن کی یلام بکری کریں ہے وہ نہ صبح فنن کی تدابیر کریں ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۹
ابن رہیا وہاں ہوگا؟
جواب
ابن رہیا کے تہوار میں ہمیشہ نماڑ مسجد میں انسان کی تکریں ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۱۰
سیف ا للہ اپنے سا تھیون سے کن یا تون میں ممتاڑ ہے؟
جواب
سیف ا للہ اپنے سا تھیون سے مامتاڑ ہے۔
سوا ل نمبر ۱۱
دنیا میں ایک ایک مان چمک اٹھا گا؟
جواب
حیات لوگ اسلام کے سبھت سول کے سبھت بنیں گے تو دنیا میں ایک ایک مان چمک ہوگا۔
Class: 5th

Islamiyat

عنوان: "الاعجازات خداوندی"  
سچیں نمبر 1
سوال نمبر: 1  
پانی سے کون سے فائدے حاصل ہوتے ہیں ؟  
جواب: پانی سے بہت سارے فائدے حاصل ہوتے ہیں، جیسے کہ ہونا، دھو، رکھنا، چنے، وغیرہ۔

سوال نمبر 2
چند خاص انعامات الٰہی کی تذکرہ کیجئے ؟  
جواب: چند انعامات الٰہی یہ ہیں: پانی، پودا، سورج، چاند، وغیرہ۔

سوال نمبر 3
اللّٰہ کی بے شمار نعمتوں کا تقاضا کیا ہے؟  
جواب: اللّٰہ کی بے شمار نعمتوں کا تقاضا یہ ہے کہ ہم اللّٰہ کو ہر لمحہ کہ ہر آن یاد رکھیں۔

سوال نمبر 4
انصاری، اپنے معزز مہمانوں کی خاطر تواضع کس طرح کی؟  
جواب: انصاری، اپنے معزز مہمانوں کی خاطر تواضع اب طرح کی کہ کھجوروں کا خوشہ پیش کیا ہے اور ایک بکری بھی انکے لیے ذبح کی۔

سوال نمبر 5
اب واقعے کا مقصد تلاش کیجئے۔  
جواب: اب واقعے کا مقصد یہ ہے کہ ہمیں اللّٰہ کی عطا کردہ نعمتوں کا صحیح استعمال کرنا چاہئے کیونکہ قیامت کے دن ان نعمتوں کی خالی جگہوں کو پُر کیگئے۔

خالی جگہوں کو پُر کیگئے۔
( ) پانی سے بیٹھنے کے لئے پانی نہیں۔
( ) پانی سے بیٹھنے کے لئے پانی نہیں۔
( ) پانی سے بیٹھنے کے لئے پانی نہیں۔
( ) پانی سے بیٹھنے کے لئے پانی نہیں۔

 сильно накрен накрен (X) کا دھانی اور غلطی (X)
( ) پانی سے پہنچنے سے پانی نہیں۔
( ) پانی سے پہنچنے سے پانی نہیں۔
( ) پانی سے پہنچنے سے پانی نہیں۔
( ) پانی سے پہنچنے سے پانی نہیں۔
عنوان: اخلاق

سوال نمبر ۱:
جواب:

سوال نمبر ۲:
جواب:

سوال نمبر ۳:
جواب:

سوال نمبر ۴:
جواب:

سوال نمبر ۵:
جواب:

مناسب جواب لکھیے:

1) تھوڑے بہتر کوئی بیمار ہے۔
2) کبھی کبھی مُردوں کی بُرائی نہیں کرنی چاہیے۔
3) کی پیٹ بھی تاکہ وہ آگ ہانے سکے۔
4) پر چھینک آ لہمدللّہ کہنا چاہیے۔
5) صفحے کا انگریزی طریقہ ہے۔

(5) (نوری، انگریزی)