LESSON NO. 8  TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

1. The two words which describe the cow are fat and healthy.
2. The words which describe the donkey are thin and sickly.
3. A cup of tea is hot.
4. A glass of tomato juice is cold.
5. Kapil is tall.
6. Kapil has a big house.
7. Hari is short.
8. The farmer is thirsty.

Let’s Read Between The Lines.

1. The cow’s name is Mrs. Creamy. Yes, it suits the cow because we get cream from the cow’s milk.
2. The washerman’s donkey is called skinny because he is thin.
3. Ice has made the tomato juice cold.

Additional Questions:

Q.1 Who is Mrs. Creamy? Describe her.
Ans Mrs. Creamy is the milkman’s cow. She is fat and healthy.

Q.2 Who is Mr. Skinny? Describe him.
Ans Mr. Skinny is the washerman’s donkey. He is thin and sickly.

Q.3 Who is Kapil? Describe him.
Ans Kapil is a cricketer. He is tall.

Q.4 Who is Hari? Describe him.
Ans Hari is a watchman. He is short.

Q.5 Where is Hari’s house?
Ans Hari’s house is in a village.

Q.6 Why are Meena’s clothes dirty?
Ans Meena’s clothes are dirty because she has fallen down on the ground.

LESSON NO. 9  TEXTUAL QUESTIONS

1. The children are in the garden.
2. They are not in school because today is a holiday.
3. They are Americans.
4. The children have three kites.
5. Nancy’s kite flies away into the sky.
6. Seema gives Nancy her own kite.
7. Yes, it shows Seema is a nice person.
8. The colour of Jimmy’s kite is green.
9. The parrot thinks that the kite is a parrot.

Let’s Read Between The Lines:-

1. They are in the garden. We cannot fly kites inside our homes because there is not enough space.
2. Nancy’s kite flew away into the sky because Americans do not know how to fly kites.
3. Nancy looked at her kite with her mouth open because she was surprised.

LESSON NO. 10  ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS

Q.1 Who is Mr. Leo? Where is he sitting?
Ans Mr. Leo is a lion. He is sitting on a high rock.
Q.2 What are the animals doing?
Ans They are playing a guessing game.
Q.3 Why does Ms. Milky move from one animal to another?
Ans Ms. Milky moves from one animal to another to guess who it is.
Q.4 How did Ms Milky find out that Mr. Blackie was a horse?
Ans Ms. Milky found out that Mr. Blackie was a horse after it neighed.
Q.5 How did she find out that Mr. Spotty was a giraffe?
Ans She found out that Mr. Spotty was a giraffe by touching his neck.
Q.6 Why did the camel laugh?
Ans The camel laughed because Ms. Milky tickled him.

**SUBJECT- SCIENCE**

**LESSON NO.10**

Q.1 Why do we need air?
Ans We need air to breathe.
Q.2 Can we see air?
Ans No, we cannot see air but we can feel it when it moves.
Q.3 What is wind?
Ans Moving air is called wind.
Q.4 As we blow air into a balloon it becomes bigger and bigger. Why?
Ans As we blow air into a balloon it becomes bigger and bigger because air takes up space.
Q.5 Write some uses of air.
Ans i. We need air to breathe.
ii. Moving air can dry clothes.
iii. Air helps boats to sail.
iv. Air is needed for lighting fire and to keep it burning.
Q.6 What makes the blades of windmill turn?
Ans Moving air makes the blades of a windmill turn.
Q.7 Moving air helps a sailboat to move. What else does it help to move?
Ans Moving air helps a sailboat to move. It also helps gliders to move.
Q.8 Name some things into which air can be filled.
Ans Air can be filled into footballs, swimming tubes and cycle tyres.
Q.9 What is a storm?
Ans Fast and strong wind is called a storm.
Q.10 How are storms harmful?
Ans Storms can cause damage to houses, crops, trees. It can also hurt human beings and animals.

**LESSON NO.11**

Q.1 Why do we need water?
Ans We need water to stay alive.
Q.2 Write some uses of water.
Ans i. We need water to drink.
ii. We need water to cook food.
iii. We need water to wash clothes and to bathe.
iv. We need water to put out a fire.
Q.3 Why must we drink pure water?
Ans We must drink pure water as drinking impure water can make us sick.
Q.4 What are the two ways of purifying water?
Ans The two ways of purifying water are boiling and filtration.

**Note:-**

i. Complete bookwork of given lessons yourself.
ii. Complete **Unit III** in English B and Math.
SUBJECT – COMPUTER

LESSON:- 05  TOPIC:- LEARN TO USE THE MOUSE

Q1) Which finger do you use to double click?
Ans. Index finger.

Q2) Which activity is done on Start button – Single – click or double – click?
Ans. Single click.

Q3) Name the arrow seen on the monitor.
Ans. Mouse pointer.

Q4) Name two things that make a clicking sound.
Ans. Camera, Computer mouse.

Q5) Name two types of clicking.
Ans. Single click, double click.

Q6) How many buttons are there on a mouse?
Ans. There are three buttons on a mouse.

Q7) What is a mouse pointer?
Ans. The arrow on the monitor is called the mouse pointer.

Q8) Fill in the blanks.
   i. A mouse is a part of a computer.
   ii. Single click is used to press the left button.
   iii. Index finger is used to press the left button.
   iv. Double click is used to open a file.
   v. Wireless mouse is a cordless mouse.

Q9) Multiple choice questions:
Ans. 1) a  2) c  3) c

LESSON:- 06  TOPIC:- MANNERS IN THE COMPUTER ROOM

Q1) How do you enter in the computer room?
Ans. In a queue.

Q2) What is kept on a mouse pad?
Ans. Mouse

Q3) What is used to cover the computer?
Ans. Dust cover.

Q4) What happens when you push the computer table?
Ans. On pushing the computer table, the cable connection gets disturbed.

Q5) List two good manners that you should follow in the computer room.
   1) Do not make noise in the computer room.
   2) Always press the keys of the keyboard gently.

Q6) Multiple choice questions.
   a) You should move quietly in a queue to enter the computer room.
   b) You should sit straight in front of a computer.
   c) You should not eat or drink in the computer room.

Q7) Why is it important to take care of computers?
Ans. It is important to take care of computers because they are very important to us.
Subject - Urdu

سچیں شہر(آیات، جملے)

1. ہم دانے سے تیالے ہیں۔
2. ہم کانے سے حاصل ہیں۔
3. ہم پاکے سے فقیر ہیں۔
4. ہم کانے کے تابے ہیں۔
5. ہم دانے سے مامور ہیں۔

سچین شہر (آیات، جملے)

1. ہم سے بچوں تیالے ہیں۔
2. ہم کانے سے کھانے تیالے ہیں۔
3. ہم پاکے سے چلتے ہیں۔
4. ہم دانے سے چلتے ہیں۔
5. ہم کانے سے لگے ہیں۔

سچین شہر (آیات، جملے)

1. کھجو ر میٹھی ہے۔
2. شیما کی لا لائی۔
3. امی خوپجا نی لائیں۔
4. ای یہا میٹھا اہ سن ری ہے۔
5. ا بو سے شہر لائے۔

سچین شہر (آیات، جملے)

1. ا اللہ مرا ہے۔
2. رؤ  رمضان کے مہینے میں رکھتے ہیں۔
3. سجدہ ا اللہ کا چاہیے۔
4. ا اللہ کا گھر کعبہ کو کہتے ہیں۔
5. مسلم کی پہچان ہے۔

سچین شہر (آیات، جملے)

1. االف سے اللہ مرا ہے۔
2. روزرو مساجک کے مہینے میں رکھتے ہیں۔
3. جہد اللہکا کہا ہے۔
4. اللہکا کیوں کہی ہے۔
5. مسلم کی پہچان نہا ہے۔
6. سنے نال کی طرف اٹھا ہے۔
سُلَامٍ (سُلَامٍ)

(الف)

اِلْسُلَامُ کے کیا تھا؟
جواب: اِلْسُلَامُ دُوَّانِۂ نُبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کے رَسُولِ اللہ ﷺ کا نَبیٰ ﷺ کا کتابہ۔
۱۔ جمیعِ قرآن کی تاریخ تھا؟
جواب: جمیعِ قرآن کو کُلّ کہاں تیرا کتابہ تھا۔
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامُ کے کیا تھا؟
جواب: اِلْسُلَامُ کا نَبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کا آخری نَبیٰ ﷺ کا کتابہ تھا۔
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامُ کے سبج کیا تھا؟
جواب: اِلْسُلَامُ کا کُلّ نَبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کا آخری نَبیٰ ﷺ کا کتابہ تھا۔

(ب)

۱۔ اِلْسُلَامُ رَسُولٰ
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامُ حَمَل
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامُ کو جمع کیا تھا

سُلَامٍ (سُلَامٍ)

(الف)

اِلْسُلَامُ سُلَامٍ
۱۔ اِلْسُلَامُ سُلَامٍ
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامُ جَمِيعٌ
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامُ جَمِيعٌ

(ب)

۱۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۴۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ

(الف)

اِلْسُلَامُ کے نَبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کے رَسُولِ اللہ ﷺ کی تاریخ کا شرطی تھا۔
۱۔ نَبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کی تاریخ کا شرطی تھا。
۲۔ نَبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کی تاریخ کا شرطی تھا。
۳۔ نَبیٰ اللہ ﷺ کی تاریخ کا شرطی تھا。

(ب)

۱۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۴۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ

سُلَامٍ (سُلَامٍ)

(الف)

اِلْسُلَامٍ
۱۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ

(ب)

۱۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۲۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۳۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ
۴۔ اِلْسُلَامٍ